

# Pupil Premium Report for Blue Coat C. E. (A) Infant School 2024-25

#### **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2022-2025
Date this statement was published	Autumn 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	Autumn 2025
Statement authorised by	Anthony Orlik
Pupil premium lead	David Matthews
Governor / Trustee lead	Anita Edwards

Number of disadvantaged pupils =	Number of disadvantaged pupils with SEND =	Number of disadvantaged pupils with EAL
106	15 (14%)	= 57 (53%)
Reception – 32 children (84%)	Reception – 4 children (12%)	Reception – 17 children (53%)
Year 1 - 31 children (34%)	Year 1 - 3 children (10%)	Year 1 - 17 children (54%)
Year 2 - 43 children (47%)	Year 2 - 8 children (20%)	Year 2 - 23 children (53%)

## **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 144,650
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£ 0.00
Total budget for this academic year	£144,650
Total 2023/2024 budget spend on PP highlighted in this report	£141,780

## **Funding rates for financial year 2024-25**

This table shows how the pupil premium grant is allocated to schools and local authorities in financial year 2023-24, based on per pupil rates.

Pupil eligibility criteria	Amount of funding for each primary-aged pupil per	Funding is paid to:
	year	
Pupils who are eligible for free school meals, or have	£1,480	School
been eligible in the past 6 years		
Pupils previously looked after by a local authority or	£2,570	School
other state care		
Children who are looked after by the local authority	£2,570	Local authority

## Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

"I will bless you with a future filled with hope – a future of success not of suffering." Our Federation motto from Jeramiah encapsulates our vision that all pupils should be provided with the values, skills and experiences that enable them to thrive and flourish into successful adults. At Blue Coat Junior School we strive to ensure that learning opportunities meet the needs of all pupils but especially those who are disadvantaged. Systems are in place to ensure that the needs of disadvantaged pupils are accurately assessed and addressed. In doing this, we also recognise that Free School Meals is not the only indicator of disadvantage therefore pupil premium funding may be allocated to any pupil or group of pupils that can legitimately be identified as disadvantaged.

As a Federation, we are committed to supporting disadvantaged children in meeting their potential and believe that an approach combining high expectations with evidence based high-quality teaching will help close the gap between them and their peers.

A strong focus on literacy and oracy has been at the heart of our pupil premium strategy and important developments have been made in how we deliver reading and writing teaching, as well as providing access to high-quality reading resources. All children have their own reading books that match their reading level; the books are engaging and in excellent condition and thus appealing. We strive to become a school known for reading provision and for children to be lifelong readers. We recognise reading fluency as key to helping children succeed, and thus are committed to listening to children to read with a focus on those who need it most.

Our core intent is that the gap between non-disadvantaged and disadvantaged pupils is closed. We are working with Challenging Education, a consultancy group who aim to raise the attainment of disadvantaged youths (RADY programme), and with their help we have adapted our approach in the following ways:

- Raise expectations: Disadvantaged children enter each key stage below their advantaged peers. We will uplift targets to align with their equivalent peers and build a culture of achievement allowing children and teachers to have high expectations of achievement for disadvantaged pupils.
- Raise awareness: raising the attainment of disadvantaged learners needs to be sustainably delivered over time, meaning that leaders must drive this through their respective areas.
- Raising aspirations: disadvantaged pupils should be fairly represented across all aspects of the school. They should be challenged in lessons and be able to engage in wider opportunities that will develop their skills to become successful in life.

High quality teaching is at the heart of the Blue Coat Federation strategy and our broad curriculum is planned carefully to ensure there is an equitable approach for all pupils. This high quality teaching may take the form of quality first teaching within whole class groups, small group support, and bespoke, personalised 1-1 intervention or after school tutoring. As a Federation we also recognise the importance of supporting the mental health and wellbeing of our pupils. This intent runs parallel to the academic ambitions we hold for our pupils.

We believe that this approach will give much needed emphasis on raising attainment for disadvantaged pupils. Whilst improving the quality of education for all.

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Many of our disadvantaged pupils have not had the life experiences to start a school setting. Some children have not been to childcare settings or experienced social interactions. Children's language development is delayed and they do not have the gross and fine physical motor skills. Staff work extremely hard to develop the children's self-esteem and resilience.
	Attainment across the school is varied for PP, with some gaps in children's learning. The reasons include, poor working memory, retention, english as an additional languages and limited life experience.
2	Poor recall and fluency of basic skills in mathematics including number bonds and times tables. Children do not read regularly at home. This impacts on other aspects of the curriculum and affects the children's confidence and self-esteem. Lack of opportunities to practise and consolidate learning outside school.
3	Access to enrichment activities and wider opportunities can be limited.
4	Social and Emotional Concerns: Our assessments (including behavior captures), observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for many pupils. Teacher referrals for family support and or children's emotional support remains high. The impact on a child's emotions significantly impacts on their behavior and can disrupt the learning.
5	Financial hardship for children eligible for pupil premium limits access to learning opportunities outside the classroom. This can also have an impact on their attendance and punctuality.  Our attendance data over the last year indicates that persistent absence among disadvantaged pupils has been between 10% higher (26.4%) than for the national of 16% (However this is compared to primary schools rather than infant schools.

#### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Disadvantaged children make consistently excellent progress so that they are attaining in line with non-disadvantaged children.	Disadvantaged children increase standardised scores in summative maths and reading assessments year on year.  Teacher assessment of writing shows overall improvement for disadvantaged children.  Ensure all children are challenged in their learning in every lesson.
Investing high-quality professional development to ensures that teachers are equipped with the skills and knowledge to deliver effective lessons.	- improve pupil outcomes by embedding the use of five formative assessment -high quality CPD -Effective inductions for new staff and Early Careers Teachers (ECTs)

Disadvantaged children receive consistently high-quality teaching provision tailored to support rapid acquisition of skills and knowledge. They attain levels in line with national expectations.	Teach Like a Champion techniques are used to support accountability, behaviour management and create a culture of learning.  Quality First Teaching is embedded and monitored  Children's reading fluency is systematically improved, thereby enabling
Children who have not completed the phonics curriculum make significant progress in reading	Children access all areas of the curriculum through high quality phonics teaching (and intervention if needed).  Year 3 and 4 children have 1-2-1 tutoring to make accelerated progress  New to school children are rapidly accessed and benchmarked  Interventions are research-led, and do not impact the general curriculum substantially.  RADY approach targets pupil premium children who are expected to make accelerated progress.
Disadvantaged children have extensive access to enrichment activities and opportunities to develop cultural capital.	Enrichment activities are proportionately representative of our disadvantaged learners. Children's enrichment activities are tracked, so disadvantaged children are taking part in school-based enrichment such as school council. Children experience residential trips with a reduction of the price.
Social and emotional needs are met.	Children with SEMH receive increased pastoral support ELSA/ Nurture or mentoring opportunities.  Where appropriate disadvantaged children receive additional pastoral support from members of the Inclusion Team.  Children are successfully able to co-regulate and then self-regulate.  Recorded behaviour incidents are not disproportionally higher for disadvantaged children.
Extended schools support for persistent absences, providing financial support to PP families to increase attendance	Attendance office liaises with families to ensure positive attendance Family support worker forms positive relationships with families that were previously had children with persistent absence. Proactive support is in place to support and challenge families when attendance first becomes a concern. Overall attendance for disadvantaged pupils, is at/greater than 96% Persistent absence is reduced and is at least in-line with, if not below that of non-disadvantaged children.
The curriculum offers exciting opportunities to engage beyond a normal school day e.g. outdoor adventurous activities, cultural visits and visitors into school.	Children have a rich and broad range of enrichment opportunities Children engage in a range of extra-curricular activities Children develop a love of learning and have a range of hobbies

## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

## High Quality Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £74,900

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Investing in high-quality professional development ensures that teachers are equipped with the skills and knowledge to deliver effective lessons.	Blue Coat Infant School has employed One Teach First teachers and two ECTs. These are supported to keep improving. They have additional opportunities to observe good practice.  Lesson Study: observation of live classroom lessons by a group of teachers who collect information on teaching and learning and collaboratively analyses and discuss it	1
	Effective Professional Development EEF  Developing high-quality teaching, assessment and a broad and balanced, knowledge-based curriculum which responds to the needs of pupils.	
Standardised diagnostic assessments for Maths and reading	(Testbase assessments and the Merit Question Level analysis used to a diagnostic in mathematics Improving writing – No More Marking Half termly Read Write INc or DIBEL assessments check the children's reading speed and accuracy. This is used to track progress.  Diagnostic assessment   EEF	1
Statement of Intent for children with SEND and further curriculum develop for the children in the SRP	Introduction of a SENDco assistant to support with across the federation. SENDco has been trained in foetal alcohol training. Nurture provision and our inclusive Puffin group are in place to support vulnerable children with additional needs and/or emotion support.	
Embedding oracy activities across the school curriculum. These can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend vocabulary.	There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions (Such as Wellcomm), including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading:  Oral language interventions   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	1, 4
Tailored phonics training for individual teachers and teaching assistants to maintain and enhance high quality teaching.	All staff receive the three day phonic training. Additional staff to receive tuition training to teach 1-2-1 intervention.  Research around reading shows that phonics is fundamental for children to become fluent readers.  Phonics   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	1 and 4.
ELT and FLT monitoring quality of education.	Improve pupil outcomes by embedding the use of formative assessment strategies.  A robust monitoring system, including pupil progress meetings, is in place to increase focus, ensure a	1,2,4 and 5
	proactive response to concerns and drive timely interventions and close gaps.	

Continuous Professional development (INSET and training	EEF Toolkit used to inform/Update school CPD.  Research – teachers in every subject should teach language explicitly to help children access and use	1 and 4.
(Specific focus on Computing,	academic language.	
Science, Geography and PE)	Teach Like a Champion techniques deployed to ensure a culture of learning. EEF- Mechanisms are the core building blocks of professional development	
Whole staff training on behaviour management and anti-bullying approaches and Diversity and Inclusion training.	CPD teachers via the National College Staff training in Dyslexia Training Autism Awareness	4
Improve the quality of social and emotional (SEL) learning and nurture provisions.	Family support worker and teaching assistants trained in ELSA and Mentoring Drawing and Talking Intervention (Emotion support)	5
	Improving_Social_and_Emotional_ Learning in Primary Schools   EEF	

## Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £39,750

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Additional teachers to lead targeted intervention groups (Year 1 and 2) for reading, writing and maths.  Additional intervention for Phonics in all classes.	Targeted interventions and resources to meet the specific needs of disadvantaged pupils and/ or with SEND.  Small group tuition approaches can support pupils to make effective progress by providing intensive, targeted academic support to those identified as having low prior attainment or at risk of falling behind.  Small group intensive tailored support. <a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/small-group-tuition">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/small-group-tuition</a>	1, 2 and 4
Phonic reading assessments are completed each half term followed by	Guidance to encourage equity and not equality, allowing the children who need support the most.	1, 2, 3 and 4.
Targeted intervention for groups and individuals.	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/one-to-one-tuition (one- to-one tutoring +5)	
TA lead targeted interventions provide targeted academic support explicitly linked to gaps in English and Maths. A high number of TAs are employed to support children in managing their emotions through our nurture settings.	Classroom teachers and teaching assistants can provide targeted academic and emotional support.  Interventions for reading and decoding, basic maths skills.  Targeted intervention for reading, writing and maths means that the gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils has been eradicated or has a marginal gap (Teaching Assistant intervention EEF +4)	1 and 4.
Additional Interventions: Talk Boost Times Tables Arithmetic Wellcomm NELI Master in maths	Targeted interventions and resources to meet the specific needs of disadvantaged pupils with SEND  Training provided by a DfE validated systematic synthetic phonics programme <a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/early-years-toolkit/communication-and-language-approaches">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/early-years-toolkit/communication-and-language-approaches</a> (Communication and Language EEF +6)	1 and 4

Support pupils' social, emotional and behavioral needs through reflection time	Whole-class approaches with targeted PSHE, targeted intervention.  -New PSHE scheme will be implement to address social and emotional needs (KAPOW)	1 and 4.
and opportunities for nurture provision.	-Develop self-regulation and metacognition skills for pupilsTime with SENDCo, SENDco assistant, Family Support or Mental Health First aider to learn how to regulate emotions and calming strategies.	
	Inducting staff to understand the positive behaviour policy	
	-Time with the mental health first aider and opportunities to learn de-escalation techniques.	
	- Surveys to show emotional developmental needs are being addressed.	
	This builds emotional resilience and support most vulnerable pupils. Behaviour capture shows	
	improvement in the percentage of children with concerning behaviour.	
	Metacognition and self-regulation   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	

## Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing) Budget £20,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Introduce career related learning to the staff and pupils	Career aspirations about careers, university, and further education. interventions that focus on parents and families; interventions that focus on teaching practice; and out-of-school interventions or extra-curricular activities, sometimes involving peers or mentors. Aim to raise aspirations by developing general self-esteem, motivation, or self-efficacy. <u>EEF-Aspiration interventions</u>	3 and 4
Employee a dedicated attendance officer. Positive impacts for responsive approaches, where schools aim to address the individual causes behind a pupils' persistence absence Emotional based School Avoidance Training for staff.  Family support worker implements	Improve attendance be developing personalised approaches to meet the needs of individuals: This will involve training for office staff and release time for staff to develop and implement new procedures and appointing attendance/support officers to improve attendance  Persistent absence is an immediate issue facing schools across the country.  Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's guidance on working together to improve school attendance  Effective communication strategies and praising improvements. The DFE guidance report 'School Attendance 2020' states that children with poor attendance tend to achieve less at primary school- <b>EEF Supporting Attendance</b> Addressing the social and emotional needs of disadvantaged pupils is crucial for their overall success.	4 and 5
support and wellbeing initiatives (Liaising with parents regarding emotional support)  Open communication with parents through daily meet and greets, text messages, newsletters and emails (home visits if needed).	(Counselling services, or wellbeing support designed to build resilience and self-esteem).  Positive dialogue about learning through parental engagement by: -improving parental skills such as literacy and math's skills -encouraging parents to support their children with reading and homework -involvement of parents in community events -Early Help and intensive support for families in crisisParents and School Health Workshops – PACH (Toileting) -Social support and well-being checks for parents and pupils -Foodbank vouchers to support families  Engaging parents in their child's education can significantly enhance pupil outcomes. Develop strategies to improve communication with parents, provide workshops on supporting learning at home and create opportunities for parents to be more involved in school activities.	1, 5
Subsidised access to extra-curricular activities to raise disadvantaged engagement and provide enrichment opportunities.	EEF Improving Emotional Learning  Guidance to encourage equity and not equality, allowing children opportunities to develop skills that may not be offered to them at home.	2 and 3.

Full representation of disadvantaged pupils on all school committees  (School Council, Art Ambassadors, Young Leaders award, A Star Sheriffs)	Guidance to encourage equity and not equality, allowing children opportunities to develop skills that may not be offered to them at home. (Disadvantaged pupils are more likely to have narrow experience of life outside school.)	2 and 3.
School financial support with 50% subsidization for school trips to support financial hardship. Additional support is also given to help with uniform upon request.	Socio-economic disadvantage i.e. poverty. Broken family structures – family stress and low resilience. Families may not have the financial stability to afford trips.	2 and 3